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#### 1. Overview

Metal tube float flowmeter, also known as the "metal tube rotameter", is a measuring instrument commonly used in the industrial automation process management to measure the variable area flow. Being featured with characteristics of small size, wide application range, convenient usage, etc., it is designed for measuring the flows of liquids, gases and steam, especially applicable for measurement of low flow speed and small flow rate.

Over the years, with its excellent property and reliability as well as preferable cost performance, the metal tube float flowmeter has been applied widely in a variety of industries, such as the petrochemical engineering, iron and steel, electric power, metallurgy, light industry, food, pharmacy, water treatment, etc.

This manual, which is compiled to meet the needs of specialized technical personnel, is applicable for design selection of the metal tube float flowmeters and can be used as a reference for end users during operation as well.

In the manual, the operational principle, functional features, technical parameter, types and dimensions, flow rate calculation, electrical connection and installation, maintenance of TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeters have been respectively introduced.

This manual only focuses on the design selection and application of TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeters. In addition, the manufacturer reserves the right to conduct modification on some of the technical parameters.

#### 2. Measuring Principle

TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeters are principally composed of two major parts: sensor and indicator. The sensor mainly consists of the joint flange, cone, float as well as upper and lower guiders; while, the indicator mainly consists of the casing, magnetic transmission system, dial scale and electric transmission system.

In the cone-shaped measuring tube, there is a measuring component which is flexible for upward and downward movements – float (Figure 1). As the fluid goes through the tube from bottom to top, the float moves upwards along the cone-shaped tube due to the acting force imposed by the fluid. The more the flow rate increases, the greater distance the float will travel; on the contrary, the distance the float travels decreases with the flow rate of the fluid. In other words, the flow rate of the fluid determines the location where the float stops in the measuring tube, which consequently determines the size of the annular area formed between the float and the cone-shaped tube. When the flow rate is maintained at a constant value "Q", the float is in a dynamic equilibrium state, remaining at a fixed location "h" in the cone-shaped tube. At such moment, the annular area formed between the float: the gravity force "G" of the float, the buoyancy force "F" and the acting forces "P" the fluid imposes on the float, which are maintained in equilibrium. On the basis of Bernoulli Equation, force-balance principle and law of fluid continuity in the hydrokinetics, the instantaneous rate of flow currently passing through the annular area can be



hereby figured out. Therefore, it is the principle of variable area that the metal tube float flowmeter adopts to measure the flow rate.

A permanent magnet with high performance is embedded into the interior of the float. When the float maintains an equilibrium position, a homogeneous and stable magnetic field occurs around the float. In addition, a magnetic sensor will be installed outside the cone-shaped tube, which consequently makes it possible to transmit the straight-line displacement of the float inside the measuring tube to the indicator in a non-contact manner and finally display the results on the dial scale of the indicator or output corresponding standard current signals of  $4\sim 20$ mA after examination and treatment.

测量锥管 cone-shaped measuring tube 永磁体 permanent magnet 流体方向 direction of flow



#### **3. Functional Features**

- Designed for measurement of small caliber and low-speed medium
- ♦ With reliable performance, few maintenance and long service life
- ◆Low requirement for the straight tube section
- ♦ Widely measure ratio: 10:1
- ♦Dual-line display, instantaneous/ cumulative flow rates displayed at the field
- •With a keyboard on the indictor for convenient operation and setting
- ◆All in metal construction, designed for measuring corrosive medium of high temperature, high pressure and strong
- ♦ Non-contact magnetic coupling transmission
- $\blacklozenge$  Applicable for inflammable and explosive occasion
- ♦ Optional charging modes: DC power supply or battery power
- ♦ With the functions of data recovery, data backup and power failure protection
- ◆Multiple parameters calibrating function



### 4. Technical parameter

▲ Caliber of flow meter	DN15, DN25, DN50, DN80, DN100, DN150 (For other caliber
	dimensions, please negotiate with the manufacturer.) Liquid:
▲Range of flow	1.0~150000l/h
	Gas: $0.05 \sim 3000 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$ (For the detailed flow range, refer to the
	Table of Flow on Page 11.)
▲ Measure Ratio	10:1, 20:1 (special)
▲ Precision	Grade 0.5, Grade 1.0 (special)
▲ Pressure rating	DN15、DN25、DN50: 4.0MPa (Max: 20MPa) DN80、
	DN100、DN150: 1.6MPa (DN80: Max 10MPa;
	DN100: Max 6.4MPa; DN150: Max 4.0MPa)
▲ Medium temperature	Standard: -30°C~+120°C, high temperature: $120$ °C $\sim$ 350°C
▲ Power supply	24VDC (12~36VDC)
▲ Output signal	$4\sim$ 20mADC (two-wire configuration); attached HART Protocol
	allowed
▲ Output load	500 $\Omega$ (24V power supply)
▲ Environmental temperatu	re Local type: $-40^{\circ}$ C $\sim 120^{\circ}$ C
	Remote-control type: $-30^{\circ}$ C $\sim 60^{\circ}$ C
▲ Storage requirement	Temperature: $-40^{\circ}$ C $\sim 85^{\circ}$ C humidity: $\leq 85\%$
▲Connection mode	Flange connecting. Flange standard : GB/T9119-2000; User's
	appointment allowed (For other connection modes, please
	negotiate with manufacturer)
▲ Cable interface	M20×1.5
▲ Housing protection grade	IP65
▲ Mark of explosion-proof	Intrinsic safety type: ExiaIICT6,
	explosion-proof type: ExdIICT6
▲ Pressure loss	See table of flow for detailed information
▲Viscosity of medium	DN15: $\eta < 5$ mPa.s DN25: $\eta < 250$ mPa.s
	DN50~DN150: $\eta < 300$ mPa.s
▲ Contact material	R1: 304, 1Cr18Ni9Ti; Ro: 316, 0Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti;
	RL: 316L, 00Cr17Ni14Mo2Ti; Ti: Titanium alloy;
	Rp: PTFE lining

### 5. Types of Flowmeters and Dimensions

TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeters consist of the measuring tube (sensor) and indicator (electronic converter), Choose different forms of measuring tubes and indicators to assemble different types of overall machines to meet needs at the field. Please refer to the following descriptions of all types of flowmeters for various



configuration and dimension, joint flange standard and installation dimension of the magnetic filter.

### 5.1 Product Category

TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeters can be divided into 5 types according to the direction of liquid, and each type also be classified into the standard type, high-temperature type, jacket type and so on. All types will be respectively described below.

#### 5.1.1 Vertical installation type



Standard Type M5 Indictor High-temperature type



Cooling Jacket Type M4 Indictor Normal-temperature type



Standard Type M4 Indictor High-temperature type



Cooling Jacket Type M5 Indictor Normal-temperature type

Caliber	DN15	DN25	DN50	DN80	DN100	DN150	DN200
А	100	120	135	150	160	40	200
Weight of standard type (kg)	5.0	6.5	10	16	17	35	50
Weight of jacket type (kg)	7.5	9.5	13	19	20	40	55



#### 5.1.2 Horizontal installation type

When installing the horizontal installation flowmeters, if the caliber is DN50 or below, select T type construction; if more than DN50, select spring construction.





T type construction M4 indictor

T type construction M5 indictor



Spring-construction M4 indictor



Spring-construction M5 indictor

Caliber	DN15	DN25	DN50	DN80	DN100	DN150	DN200
Weight of T type	6	10	20				
construction							
(kg)							
Weight of spring				16	17	35	50
construction (kg)							



5.1.3 Bottom-charging-and-side-discharging type





Standard Type M4 Indictor

Standard Type M5 Indictor

Caliber	DN15	DN25	DN50	DN80	DN100	DN150	DN200
В	100	120	135	150	160	180	200
Weight	6	7	14	24	28	52	60
kg							

5.1.4 Side-charging-and-side-discharging type



Standard Type M4 Indictor



Standard Type M5 Indictor

Caliber	DN15	DN25	DN50	DN80	DN100	DN150	DN200
C	100	120	135	150	160	180	200
Weight	5.5	6.5	13	22	26	50	57
kg							



5.1.5 Side-charging-and-top-discharging type





Standard Type M4 Indictor

Standard Type M5 Indictor

Caliber	DN15	DN25	DN50	DN80	DN100	DN150	DN200
D	100	120	135	150	160	180	200
Weight	5.5	6.5	10.5	16	17	36	52
kg							

#### 5.2 Flange dimensions

For the standard type of TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeters which adopts GB/T9119-2000 Flange Standard, refer to Figure 16 as below. See Table 6 for specific dimensions. Other flange standards shall be subject to customers' requirements.



Outline Dimension of Flange

China National St	andard Flange I	Plate (GB/T9)	119—2000)

		0					
DN/PN	D	Κ	<b>d</b> <sub>3</sub>	b	f	n	d <sub>2</sub>
15/4.0	95	65	46	14	2	4	14
25/4.0	115	85	65	16	2	4	14
50/4.0	165	125	99	20	2	4	18
80/1.6	200	160	132	20	2	8	18
100/1.6	220	180	156	22	2	8	18
125/1.6	250	210	184	22	2	8	18
150/1.6	285	240	211	24	2	8	22



			1 1400 (111 (51	2 10.0 1000	e /		
DN	D	К	d <sub>3</sub>	b	f	n	$d_2$
1/2"	88.9	60.5	35.1	11.2	1.6	4	15.7
1"	108.0	79.2	50.8	14.2	1.6	4	15.7
2"	152.4	120.7	91.9	19.1	1.6	4	19.1
3"	190.5	152.4	127.0	23.9	1.6	4	19.1
4"	228.6	190.5	157.2	23.9	1.6	8	19.1
5"	254.0	215.9	185.7	23.9	1.6	8	22.4
6"	279.4	241.3	215.9	25.4	1.6	8	22.4

American National Standard Flange Plate (ANSI B 16.5 150lb)

German National Standard Flange Plate (DIN2501)

DN/PN	D	K	<b>d</b> <sub>3</sub>	b	f	n	d <sub>2</sub>
15/4.0	95	65	46	16	2	4	14
25/4.0	115	85	68	18	2	4	14
50/4.0	165	125	102	20	3	4	18
80/1.6	200	160	138	20	3	4	18
100/1.6	220	180	162	20	3	8	18
125/1.6	250	210	188	22	3	8	18
150/1.6	285	240	218	22	3	8	22

DIN2501 Flange Standard is functioning with similarity to the following standards to such a

Standard Number	Standard Name	(	Grade of Pressure PN Mpa			
HG20527-1992	Steel pipe flange	0.6 1.0 1.6 2.5 4.0			4.0	
HG20592-1992	Steel pipe flange	0.6 1.0 1.6 2.5 4.0				4.0
HG20592-1997	Steel pipe flange	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.5	4.0
HGJ44~76-1991	Steel pipe flange	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.5	4.0
GB112~9123-2000	Steel pipe flange	0.6 1.0 1.6 2.5 4			4.0	
DIN2527-1992	Flange plate	0.25~10.0				
DIN2566-1975	Threaded flange			1.0~1.	6	
DIN2573-1975	Plate-type flat welding			0.6~1.	0	
	flange					
DIN2655-1975	Annular plate flat			0.25~4	.0	
	welding lapped flange					
DIN2673-1962	Annular plate lapped	1.0				
	welding neck flange					

great extent that it can be adopted in connection with them.

#### 5.3 Magnetic filter

If there are magnetic granules contained in the medium, a magnetic filter shall be fixed in front of the inlet. If the standard of flange is DN100 or below, the distance between inlet and the magnetic filter should be 100mm; if the standard of flange is above DN100, the distance should be 150mm.





#### 6. Indicator and Level Limit Alarm Apparatus

The indictor of TF Series Metal Tube Float Flowmeter is the displaying and converting part of the flowmeter. Level limit alarm apparatus shall be activated when the flow rate becomes over-ranging, functioning as a flow switch.

#### 6.1 Selection of Indictor

Users can select local display type, electric transmissible type, intrinsic safety type, explosion-proof type or HART Protocol attached type according to the practical requirements at the field. For detailed functional descriptions of all indictors, refer to the following table.

Type of	Functional Description of Indictor
Indictor	
M1 Type	Local pointer indicates the flow rate without power supply and electrical
	transmission of 4~20mA; optional flow alarm apparatus; regarding the dial
	scale, instantaneous flow value or percent-scale value are provided for choice.
МЗ Туре	Local digital displaying, battery powered, without electrical transmission of
	4~20mA, non-explosion-proof. LCD panel displays both the instantaneous and
	cumulative flow rates. Parameters can be checked or modified by pressing keys
	on the keyboard. Batteries have a service life of 6 months. Change the batteries
	(Battery Model No.: ER26500, 3.6V, 7.5AH, -55°C~85°C) when the screen
	displays a "T" letter.
М4 Туре	Electric transmissible and intrinsically safe design; explosion-proof mark:
	Exd II CT6; optional HART protocol function; DC24 power supply; the pointer
	indicates instantaneous flow rate and digitally displays instantaneous and
	accumulated flow rates; two-wire configuration with output of 4~20mA; 4 keys
	on the panel which are used to check and modify internal parameters. Refer to
	Page 18 for detailed instructions.
M5 Type	Electric transmissible and explosion-proof type design; explosion-proof
	mark: Exd II CT6; optional HART protocol function; DC24 power supply;
	pointer indicates the instantaneous flow rate and digitally displays instantaneous
	flow rate and accumulated flow rates; two-wire configuration with output of
	4~20mA; 4 keys on the panel which are used to check and modify internal
	parameters. Refer to Page 18 for detailed instructions.













M2 Type



М5 Туре

#### 7. Table of Flow

• Table for flow rate of TFA vertical installation type (See the following table)

口径	浮子号	水 (0.1013MP	L/h a abs, 20°C)	空气 m <sup>3</sup> /h (0.1013MPa abs, 20℃)	压力损失 kPa (要求低压损与厂家协商)		
	浮子材料	不锈钢	PTFE, Ti	不锈钢	不锈钢	PTFE, Ti	
	F15.0	10	-		1.5		
	F15.1	16	-	0.5	1.5	722	
	F15.2	25	-	0.7	1.5	-	
	F15.3	40	25	1.2	1.5	1.5	
DN15	F15.4	60	40	1.8	1.5	1.5	
	F15.5	100	60	2.8	1.5	1.5	
	F15.6	160	100	4.5	1.5	1.5	
	F15.7	250	160	7.5	3.0	1.5	
	F15.8	400	250	12	3.0	3.0	
	F15.9	600	400	18	3.5	3.0	
	F50.0	6000	4000	180	3.0	3.0	
	F50.1	8000	5000	240	3.0	3.0	
DN 50	F50.2	10000	6000	300	4.0	3.0	
	F50.3	12000	8000	360	4.0	3.0	
	F50.4	16000	10000	480	8.0	4.0	
	F50.5	20000	12000	600	8.0	4.0	
	F80.0	25000	16000	750	14.0	8.0	
DMPO	F80.1	30000	20000	900	14.0	9.0	
DIN 80	F80.2	40000	25000	1200	20.0	12.0	
	F80.3	50000	30000	1500	20.0	15.0	
	F100.0	60000	40000	1800	28.0	25.0	
DN100	F100.1	80000	50000	2400	28.0	27.0	
	F100.2	100000	60000	3000	40.0	38.0	
DN125	F125.1	100000	80000	3000	45.0	35.0	
DN125	F125.2	125000	100000	1	48.0	40.0	
DN1150	F150.1	125000	100000	1.27	48.0	40.0	
DIN120	F150.2	150000	125000	1 <del>-</del>	50.0	42.5	



◆ Table for	flow rate of TFA	horizontal	installation	type (	see the	following	table)
-------------	------------------	------------	--------------	--------	---------	-----------	--------

E 47	M 7 0	水 L	/h	空气 m <sup>3</sup> /h	压力损失 kPa (要求低压损与厂家协商)			
口位	任工业	(0.1013MF	Pa, 20°C)	(0.1013MPa, 20°C)				
	浮子材料	不锈钢	Ti	不锈钢	不锈钢	Ti		
	F15.5	160	100	4.5	1.5	1.5		
	F15.6	200	120	6.0	1.5	1.5		
DN15	F15.7	250	160	7.5	2.0	2.0		
	F15.8	400	250	12	2.0	2.0		
	F15.9	600	400	18	3.5	3.5		
	F25.0	1000	600	30	1.5	1.5		
	F25.1	1600	1000	45	1.5	3.0		
DN 25	F25.2	2000	1200	60	3.0	3.0		
DN25	F25.3	2500	1600	75	3.0	3.5		
	F25.4	3000	2000	90	3.5	3.5		
	F25.5	4000	2500	120	8.0	8.0		
	F50.0	6000	4000	180	3.0	3.0		
	F50.1	8000	5000	240	3.0	3.0		
DN 50	F50.2	10000	6000	300	4.0	4.0		
	F50.3	12000	8000	360	4.0	4.0		
	F50.4	16000	10000	480	8.0	8.0		
	F80.1	25000	16000	750	14.0	14.0		
DN 80	F80.2	30000	20000	900	14.0	14.0		
	F80.3	40000	25000	1200	20.0	22.0		
	F100.0	60000	40000	1800	30.0	30.0		
DN100	F100.1	80000	50000	2400	30.0	30.0		
	F100.2	100000	60000	3000	45.0	45.0		
DNUAG	F125.1	100000	80000	3000	45.0	45.5		
DN125	F125.2	125000	100000	8858739 273	46.0	48.0		
	F150.1	125000	100000	-	48.0	46.0		
DN150	F150.2	150000	125000	-	50.0	50.0		

Description: Data in table for flow rate of TF Series are the standard parameters of apparatus. User can consult with the supplier if special flow rate ranges are required.



#### 8. Installation of Flowmeters and Cautions

According to the allocation of process pipelines on the field, options can be made among flowmeters of different specifications, among which the vertical installation type is the standard one while others belong to the extended type. If field conditions permit, first priority shall be given to the vertical installation type as much as possible. For the installation of flowmeters of various installation types, refer to the following schematic diagram.





垂直型 vertical installation type 侧 侧型 side-to-side installation type 侧 侧型 side-to-side installation type 水 平型 horizontal installation type h1: 出口直管, 250mm

h1: discharging straight tube, 250mm

h2: 入口直管段,5倍公称通径

底侧型 bottom-to-side installation type 底侧型 bottom-to-side installation type 阀门 valve 流体方向 direction of fluid

h2: charging straight tube section, the length is 5 times the normal caliber of the instrument

h3: 磁过滤器, 100mm (150mm)

h3: magnetic filter, 100mm (150mm)

#### 1. Cautions for installation of flowmeters

1. When the instrument is delivered to the field, unpack the casing, remove all the packages and inspect the instrument for damages caused by the transportation before it is fixed to process pipelines.

2. Before the instrument installation, purging work is required for process pipelines to prevent any residue of ferromagnetic impurities clinging to the float of the instrument, affecting its normal measurement. Even damages to the instrument may arise if serious adverse effects exist. If unavoidable, a magnetic filter (Figure 17) shall be allocated at the inlet of the instrument.

3. In that the measuring mechanism adopts the magnetic transmission and magnetoelectric signal processors, to assure its regular service and performance, there shall be no ferromagnetic substances, magnetic fields of high intensity or above within an installation area of 500mm.

4. The instrument installed in the pipeline shall not be acted by strains. There shall be reliable pipeline supporting structures at the inlet and outlet of the instrument to guarantee minimum strains acted on it.

5. The instrument installation is classified into two types: horizontal installation and vertical installation. For the instrument under vertical installation, the verticality shall be guaranteed within a slope deviation of 3 degrees; and for the instrument under horizontal installation, the horizontality shall be guaranteed within a slope deviation of 3 degrees.

6. During installation, the calibers of pipelines at the top and bottom shall be the same as the caliber of the instrument. Joint flanges shall match well with each other; to ensure the measuring precision and stability, the length of the straight pipeline at the top of the instrument shall be 5 times the normal caliber of the instrument, and the length of the straight pipeline shall be a minimum of 250mm.

7. In regard to the instrument for gas measurement, if the instrument discharges the gas directly into the atmosphere, it will lead to data distortion, even damages to the instrument. Under such operation conditions, throttling valves shall be installed at the outlets of the instrument.

8. Operators shall be particularly careful when installing the instrument in PTFE liner. PTFE may become deformed due to the pressure imposed on it under an operating condition of low temperatures. Therefore, do not screw it down casually during installation. For the mounting torque, refer to the table below.



Caliber	Maximum Torque	Stud Bolt
mm	kgf.m	
DN15	0.9~0.95	4×M12
DN25	2.0~2.2	4×M12
DN50	5.2~5.6	4×M16
DN80	4.5~4.8	8×M16
DN100	4.6~5.0	8×M16
DN125	5.0~5.3	8×M18
DN150	6.5~6.8	8×M20

#### 2. Maintenance of Instrument

1. The instrument is one of precision equipments. Therefore, it shall be handled with care during transportation, installation, storage and use to avoid rough delivery, overstressing installation and careless placement without order. During the whole operating process, the relative locations of the sensor and indicator shall be kept unchanged, because changes in location will directly affect the measuring precision of the instrument.

2. It is inevitable that there will be some residue of ferromagnetic impurities clinging to the float during long use, which will consequently make the float jammed or affect its measuring precision. Therefore, regular cleaning work for the float is quite necessary. In case a magnetic filter has been installed, regular cleaning work is required as well.

3. The screws shall be tightened up after the connection and casing disassembly are implemented to guarantee fine tightness of the casing so as to prevent impurities, moisture or other substances from entering into the instrument, and to ensure reliable grounding of the instrument as well, because there are electronic components allocated inside the indicator of the instrument.

4. Attention shall be paid under following circumstances during the initial use after the instrument installation:

In order to avoid heavy impacts to the level limit apparatus imposed by the float due to the pressure created when opening the valves, the valve opening operation shall be conducted at a moderately slow speed.

In regard to the instrument for gas measurement, a gas damper shall be fixed to reduce vibration of the float to the greatest extent. In order to ensure the stability of the float, a throttle valve may be fixed at the outlet of the instrument.

5. For the transmissible instrument, electrical connection shall be conducted only when the instrument connection has been proved correct. At the hazardous location, the explosion-proof type must be chosen, and the installation and use shall be conducted in accordance with the explosion-proof requirements.



#### 9. Electrical Connection

This chapter mainly discusses the power-line connection of flowmeters, adaptation with the guard grating as well as the technical parameters of the guard grating.

#### 1. Power-line connection of flowmeters

The initial step is to twist off the front cover. In case of a quadrate casing, connecting terminals are visible above the base, among which the one connected to the red colored lead wire shall be connected to the positive terminal of power supply, and the one connected to the black colored lead wire shall be connected to the negative terminal of power supply. In case of a circular casing otherwise, connecting terminals are visible above the circuit board. To complete the connection, connect the power lines well according to the marks. For explosion-proof type instruments, the grounding wire shall be well-connected internally. These flowmeters are two-wire configuration with output of 20mA. For details, refer to Figure 22.

#### 2. Associated apparatus for intrinsic safety type instruments

TF Type Metal Tube Float Flowmeters used at the hazardous location shall be intrinsic safety explosion-proof type or explosion-isolated type. An associated apparatus – guard grating shall be allocated to form an intrinsic safety explosion-proof system when using intrinsic safety explosion-proof type instruments. The guard grating is classified into two types: Zener type and isolated type.

#### 9.2.1 Technical parameters of Zener type guard grating

Explosion mark:	[Exia] II C
Maximum admissible	voltage: 250VAC/DC
Rated value of intrinsi	c safety circuits: UO≤28V, IO≤119mA, CO≤0.083µF, LO ≤2.5mH
Installation location:	secure region
Ambient condition:	continuous operation temperature: -10 $^\circ C \sim$ 45 $^\circ C$
Storage temperature:	-40°C~80°C
Relative humidity:	5-95%RH
9.2.2 Technical para	neters of isolated type guard grating
Intrinsic error:	±0.2% F·S
Explosion mark:	[Exia] II C
Rated value of intrinsi	c safety circuits: UO≤30VDC, IO≤30mADC
Output load:	0-500Ω
Power supply:	24VDC
9.2.3 Connection bet	ween flowmeters and guard gratings

This manual illustrates methods for connecting flowmeters and guard gratings with examples of TSA528.H Zener type and FA-1100/k isolated type guard gratings. The connecting methods of other types shall be subject to their manuals respectively. For details, refer to the following figure.







线路板 circuit board 接线端子 connecting terminal二线制回路 two-wire configuration circuit 圆表壳 circular casing



Connection Diagram of Flowmeter and Zener Type Guard Grating 红 red 黑 black 危险区 hazardous region 安全区 secure region



Connection Diagram of Flowmeter and Isolated Type Guard Grating 红 red 黑 black 危险区 hazardous region 安全区 secure region



#### **10. Proper Application of Indicator**

The instantaneous and accumulated flow rates of the fluid are directly displayed on the LED screen of the intelligent type indicator. By means of 4 keys on the panel, operators are able to check the internal parameters of the instrument, some of which can be reset to realize calibration function. In regard to these flowmeters, there are three groups of technical parameters available for users to check and modify by entering corresponding passwords correctly.

#### **10.1 Key functions**

000001

SET: Function key for parameter verification; AT: Left Key for conducting left movement of the cursor; INC: "+ 1" Key for turning to next page; DEC: "- 1" Key for turning to previous page;

#### 2. Access to groups of technical parameters

Under the measuring interface state, operators shall press "SET" first until there are "LOC" characters appearing on the screen. Click "AT" to choose the cursor position required, and then press "INC" or "DEC" to enter corresponding passwords. Finally, to access relative groups of technical parameters, make another click on "SET" for conformation.

#### 3. Modification of technical parameters

All technical parameters to be modified by users are in the first group. After access to the first group according to the methods mentioned above, click page turning keys to check out corresponding technical parameters and then enter into this parameter by clicking "AT". Modify the parameters by clicking Left Key (AT), "+ 1" Key (INC) and "+ 1" Key (DEC) and finally make another click on "SET" for conformation.

#### 4. Contents of each group of technical parameters and passwords for access

10.4.1 First group: For essential parameters, refer to the following table. Passwords (LOC):

Parameter	Implication of parameters	Setting range	Description
LPD	Digital damping, depending on the	0~10	It is generally 2~4;
	fluid fluctuation at the field.		revisable
IEL	Automatic zero cleaning frequency	Starting from 0,	Read-only
	after reaching a full-scale	automatically add 1	
	accumulated flow rate	for each zero cleaning	
DFL	Corrected current value: 4mA	0~255	Revisable
DFH	Corrected current value: 20mA	0~255	Revisable
SPH	Measuring range setting, namely		Revisable
	corresponding points of 20mA		
cod	Correction coefficient of displayed	Default value: 1.0	Revisable
	value		
dLL	Low flow cutoff value	10% of the full scale	Revisable
dpI	Scaling position setting	0~3	Revisable
sop	Exit this group of parameters		



2.Second group: Reset the accumulated value manually. Passwords (LOC): 000002

Accumulated value resetting operation is completed when accessing this group of parameters,

and then the interface automatically returns to the measuring state.

3. Third group: Set default. Passwords (LOC): 000009

Default setting operation of internal parameters is completed when accessing this group of parameters.

### 11. Ordering Guide

#### WPZ Metal Tube Float Flow meter

Model									Description
NKD									Metal Tube Float Flow meter
Display type	Z								Local display
	D								Local display 4-20mA Output
	ZH								Local display 4-20mA Output, HART Protocal
Anti-Corrosive	F								Normal type, without anti-corrosive
									type Anti-Corrosive type (Lining PTFE/
									FEP)
Inside	DN1	15							15mm
nominal	DN2	25							25mm
diameter	DN5	50							50mm
	DN	55							65mm
	DN8	30							80mm
									Customize
									d
Indicator		M1							Vertical indicator (Pointer)-
		M3							B1 Quadrate indicator(LCD)-
		M4							B2
		M5							Quadrate indicator(Pointer) Ex-intrinsically safe-
		1010							B3 Circular indicator(Pointer) Ex-Flame safe-B4
Installation			14						
motanation									vertical type (Bottom In Top
			L2						out) Horizontal type(Left in
			L3						Right out) Bottom In Side out
Flange type				S					China National Standard Flange Plate
				Α					American National Standard Flange
				G					Plate German National Standard Flange
									Plate
Flange pressure				-	S1				PN1.6MPa, Optional
Housing&Floa						S3			SS321
t material						A3			SS304
						B2			SS316
						C2			Ti
Electrial							S5		M20*1.5
connecto			a				١		1/2NPT
Explosion proof	ecnnical	Data	snee	eu(ne	ext	pag	<del>e)</del>	i	Ex-intrinsically
								d	Ex-Flame Page 19/21
									1450 177 21



F. No.										
Tag. No.										
MFG. No.										
Quantity		DN		PN	DN		PN	DN		PN
Nominal Diame	ter									
Flange Standard	1									
Body Materials										
Float Materials										
Lining Material	s									
Data of Jacket	Conn.	DN		PN	DN		PN	DN		PN
	Standard									
	Heating									
	Medium									
	Temp.°C/	°C		MPa	°C		MPa	°C		MPa
	Pres. MPa									
Overall Height				%			%			%
Accuracy										
Flow Name										
Fluid Condition	S	Liquid	Gas□	Liquid Gas		Liquid Gast		Gas□		
Operating Cond	itions	Min	Nor	Max	Min	Nor	Max	Min	Nor	Max
Flow Rate	/h									
Temperature	S°									
Pressure	MPa									
Density	kg/m <sup>3</sup>									
SPGR	kgf/m <sup>3</sup>									
Viscosity	mpa.s(cp)									
G.mol.Wt										
Project Range	Operating			%			%			%
	Dial									
	Standard			%			%			%
	Dial									
	Float No.									
MFG Range	Operating			%			%			%
	Dial									
	Standard			%				%		%
	Dial									
	Float No.									
Electrical Signal Output				mA			mA			mA
Power Supply		VDC	V	Hz	VDC	V	Hz	VDC	V	Hz
Cable Conn.		М	×	mm	Μ	×	mm	М	×	mm
Limit Switch	Limit Switch			Min	Max		Min	Max		Min

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### Fittings

Name	TAG No.	Standard/Model	Quantity
Flanges			
Conn. Bolts			
Pressurize Mat			
Magnetic Filter			
Other			

Note: For the technical data sheet of metal tube float flowmeters, please refer to the company.